

# TECHNIQUES & PRINCIPLES IN LANGUAGE TEACHING DESUGGESTOPEDIA



جامعة ساوة

كلية التربية

قسم اللغة الانكليزية

المرحلة 3

# QUESTIONS OF THE DIRECT METHOD



**I. What are the goals of teachers who use the Direct Method?** Teachers who use the Direct Method intend that students learn how to communicate in the target language. In order to do this successfully, students should learn to think in the target language.

# QUESTIONS OF THE DIRECT METHOD

## 2. What is the role of the teacher? What is the role of the students?

Although the teacher directs the class activities, the student role is less passive than in the Grammar-Translation Method. The teacher and the students are more like partners in the teaching–learning process.



## QUESTIONS OF THE DIRECT METHOD

### 3. What are some characteristics of the teaching/learning process?

Teachers who use the Direct Method believe students need to associate meaning with the target language directly. In order to do this, when the teacher introduces a new target language word or phrase, he demonstrates its meaning through the use of realia, pictures, or pantomime; he never translates it into the students' native language. Students speak in the target language a great deal and communicate as if they were in real situations. In fact, the syllabus used in the Direct Method is based upon situations (for example, one unit would consist of language that people would use at a bank, another of the language that they use when going shopping) or topics (such as geography, money, or the weather).



## QUESTIONS OF THE DIRECT METHOD

### 3. What — are some characteristics of the teaching/learning process?

**Cont.**

Grammar is taught inductively; that is, the students are presented with examples and they figure out the rule or generalization from the examples. An explicit grammar rule may never be given. Students practice vocabulary by using new words in complete sentences.





## QUESTIONS OF THE DIRECT METHOD

**4. What is the nature of student–teacher interaction?**

**What is the nature of student–student interaction?**

The initiation of the interaction goes both ways, from teacher to students and from students to teacher, although the latter is often teacher-directed. Students converse with one another as well.

**5. How are the feelings of the students dealt with?**

There are no principles of the method which relate to this area.



## QUESTIONS OF THE DIRECT METHOD



### 6. How is language viewed? How is culture viewed?

Language is primarily spoken, not written. Therefore, students study common, everyday speech in the target language. They also study culture consisting of the history of the people who speak the target language, the geography of the country or countries where the language is spoken, and information about the daily lives of the speakers of the language.

## QUESTIONS OF THE DIRECT METHOD

### 7. What areas of language are emphasized? What language skills are emphasized?

Vocabulary is emphasized over grammar. Although work on all four skills (reading, writing, speaking, and listening) occurs from the start, oral communication is seen as basic. Thus the reading and writing exercises are based upon what the students practice orally first. Pronunciation also receives attention right from the beginning of a course.





## QUESTIONS OF THE DIRECT METHOD

### 8. What is the role of the students' native language?

The students' native language should not be used in the classroom.

Since translation is not allowed



# QUESTIONS OF THE DIRECT METHOD

## 9. How is evaluation accomplished?

We did not actually see any formal evaluation in the class we observed; however, in the Direct Method, students are asked to use the language, not to demonstrate their knowledge about the language. They are asked to do so, using both oral and written skills. For example, the students might be interviewed orally by the teacher or might be asked to write a paragraph about something they have studied.



# QUESTIONS OF THE DIRECT METHOD



## 10. How does the teacher respond to student errors?

The teacher, employing various techniques, tries to get students to self-correct whenever possible.